## Radioactive Waste Separate long lived and short lived isotopes Stony Brook University Hospital Stony Brook University Attach 'Caution Radioactive Materials' Sticker Shield all waste to < 2mR/h Maintain a waste log for each container Liquids **Solids Liquid Scintillation Vials Sharps** Homogeneous and is "pourable". liquid scintillation cocktails and Small amounts damp materials Hypodermic needles, No solid materials present, such as associated containers such as syringes, scalpels, broken may be present. No pourable pipette tips, microcentrifuge counting vials. glass, and razor blades. liquids. tubes, etc. Hazardous Non-Hazardous **Animal** Dry Lead Flammable Dissolved in water or Carcasses Paper, plastic, **Pigs** Corrosive evenly distributed in **Bricks** Tissue samples microcentrifuge Reactive a liquid which is Sheets Excreta tubes, Toxic Blood mainly composed of **Aprons** glassware, water. empty vials, gloves, etc. All liquid Store in chemically scintillation vials Place all lead in DLAR procedure should be put into compatible non-Store in a carboy Place in an appropriate a lined LSV drum breakable placed in a Label bag with container for approved supplied by RS. container placed Place in secondary Lab name pickup. If puncture Record the type of in a secondary drum or containment. isotope, Date, contaminated. resistant scintillation containment. bucket dose rate at Attach orange

sharps

label

biohazard

container with

## Long-lived isotopes: Half-life > 90 days

the contents.

hazardous waste

sticker to indicate

cocktail used on

hazardous waste

the orange

sticker.

- Must be disposed by outside vendor.
- Contact RS for waste pick-up.

Attach orange

the contents.

hazardous waste

sticker to indicate

## Short-lived isotopes: Half-life < 90 days

lined with a

plastic bag.

- Decay in storage for 10 half-lives.
- Must be surveyed and approved by RS before disposal.

place in a

isotope.

plastic bag and

label with the

surface. Place in

Cold room and

inform RS.